

A CASE STUDY OF STRUCTURE-BASED DRUG DESIGN WITH CYSTEINYL LEUKOTRIENE G-PROTEIN COUPLED RECEPTORS

Dr. Alexey Mishin

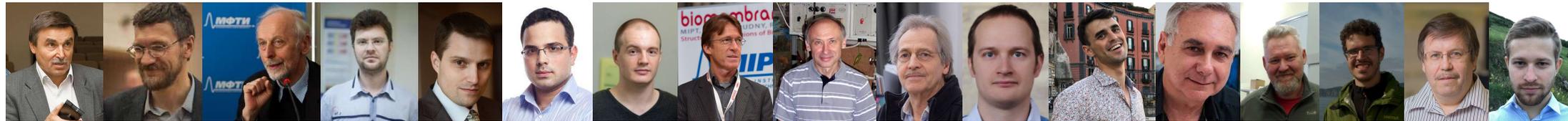
Laboratory for structural biology of GPCRs



Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology

Research Center for MOLECULAR MECHANISMS

of Aging and Age-Related Diseases



- 10 laboratories with >100 staff
- 9 advanced research platforms
- Educational chair of Biophysics: ~20 students/year
- 2 master programs

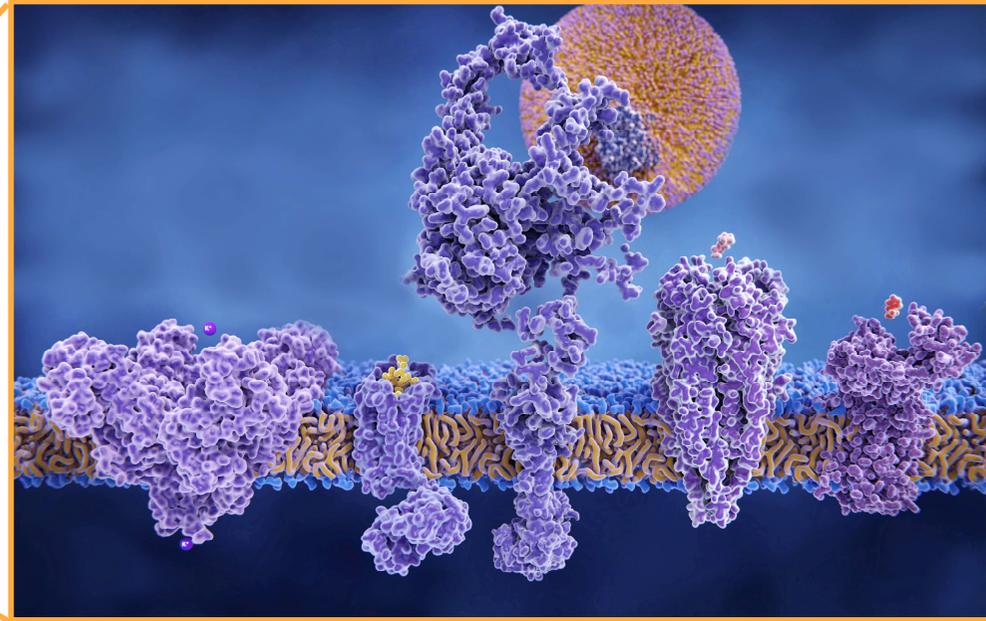
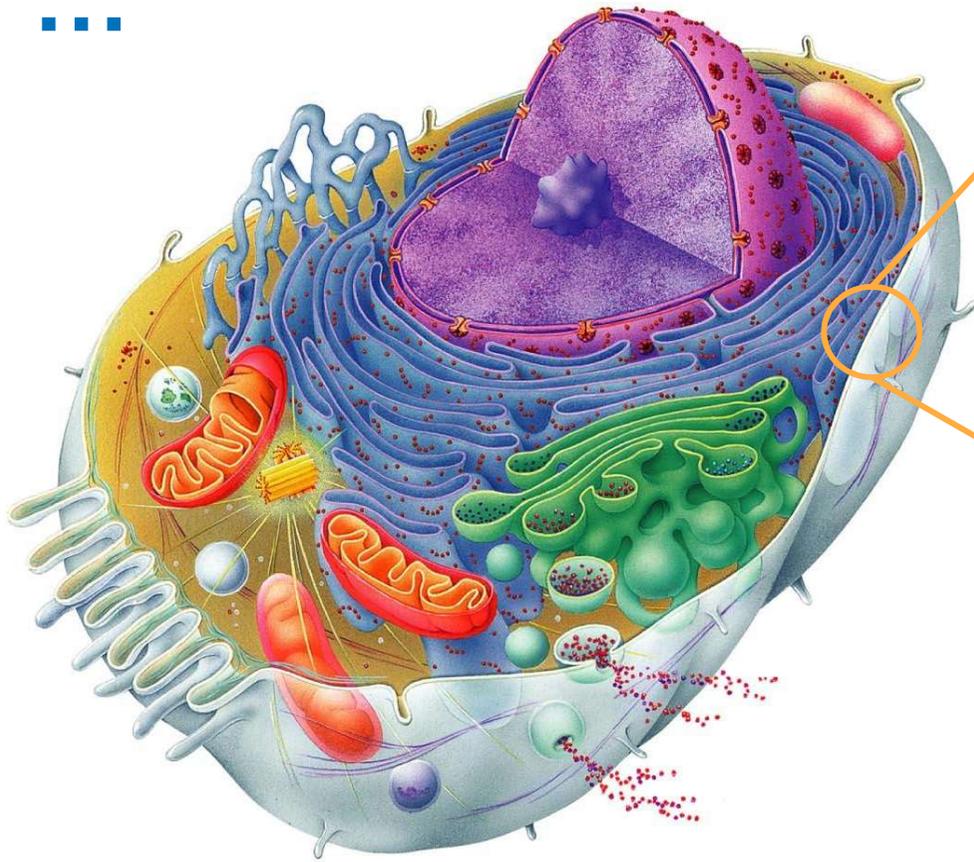


> 350 publications since 2011

- nature** – 2013, 2020
- Science** – 2017, 2017
- PNAS** – 2020×2, 2017, 2013, 2011
- nature COMMUNICATIONS** – 2022, 2020×2, 2019×2, 2014
- SciAdv** – 2022, 2020, 2019×2, 2017×2, 2016
- JACS** – 2021×2, 2016, 2013
- Angewandte Chemie** – 2021×2
- nature chemical biology** – 2022, 2015
- nature structural & molecular biology** – 2023, 2022, 2015
- CHEMICAL REVIEWS** – 2021, 2015

Membrane proteins

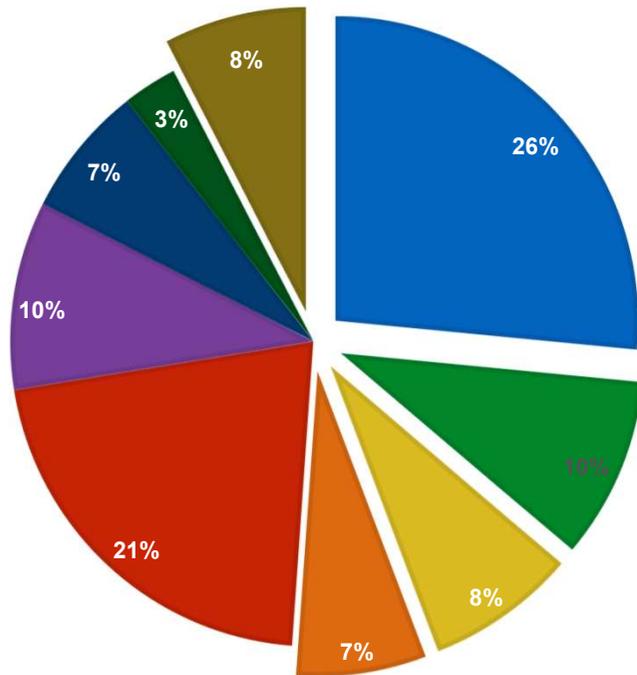
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are major functional elements of cells

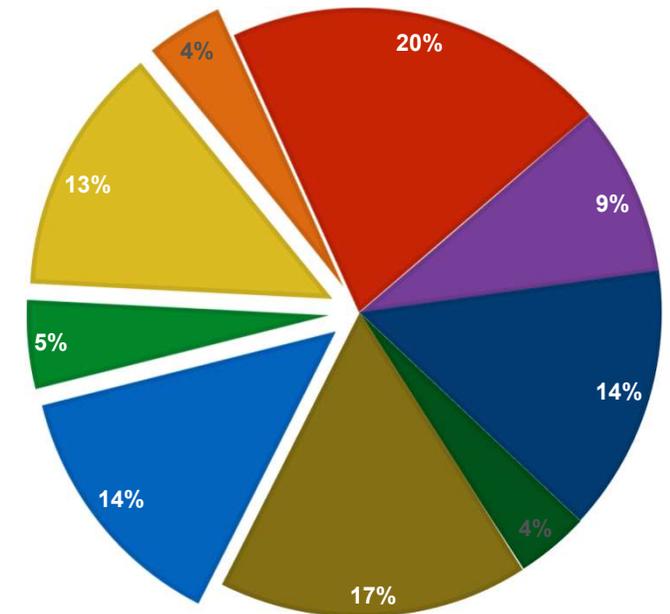
Global sales and research support

**\$3.5 tril. 2011-2015
according IQVIA**



**\$4.2 bln. 2011-2015 rr.
according NIH**

- GPCR
- Ion channels
- Enzymes
- Cytokines
- Kinases
- Transporters
- Other membrane
- Nuclear receptors
- Other soluble

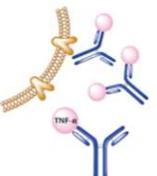
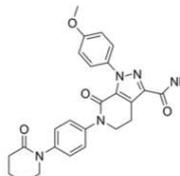
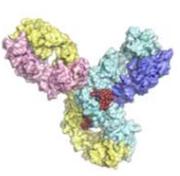
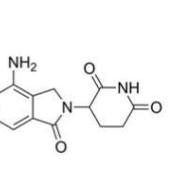
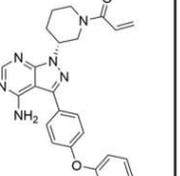
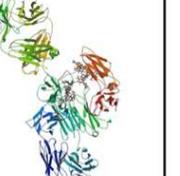
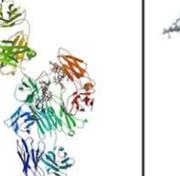
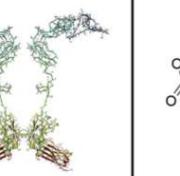
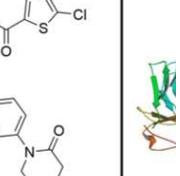
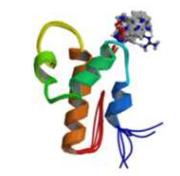
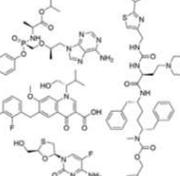
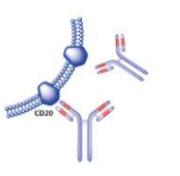
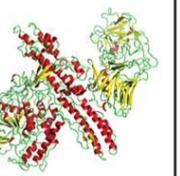
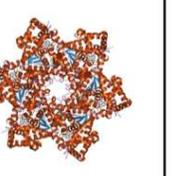
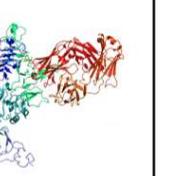
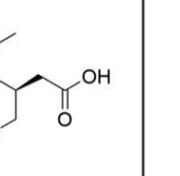
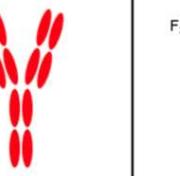
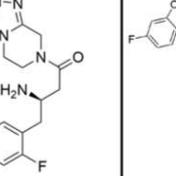
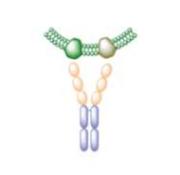
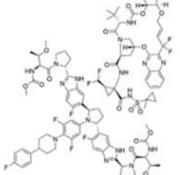
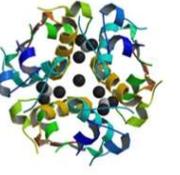
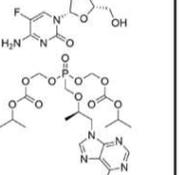
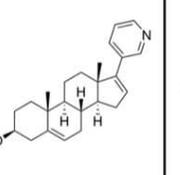
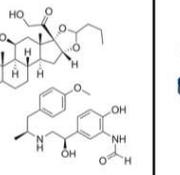
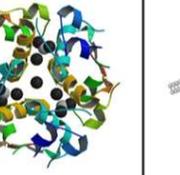
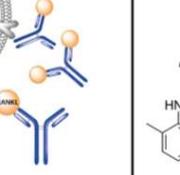
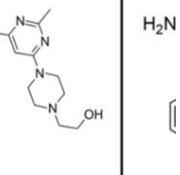


Top 200 Pharmaceuticals

Compiled and Produced by the Njarðarson



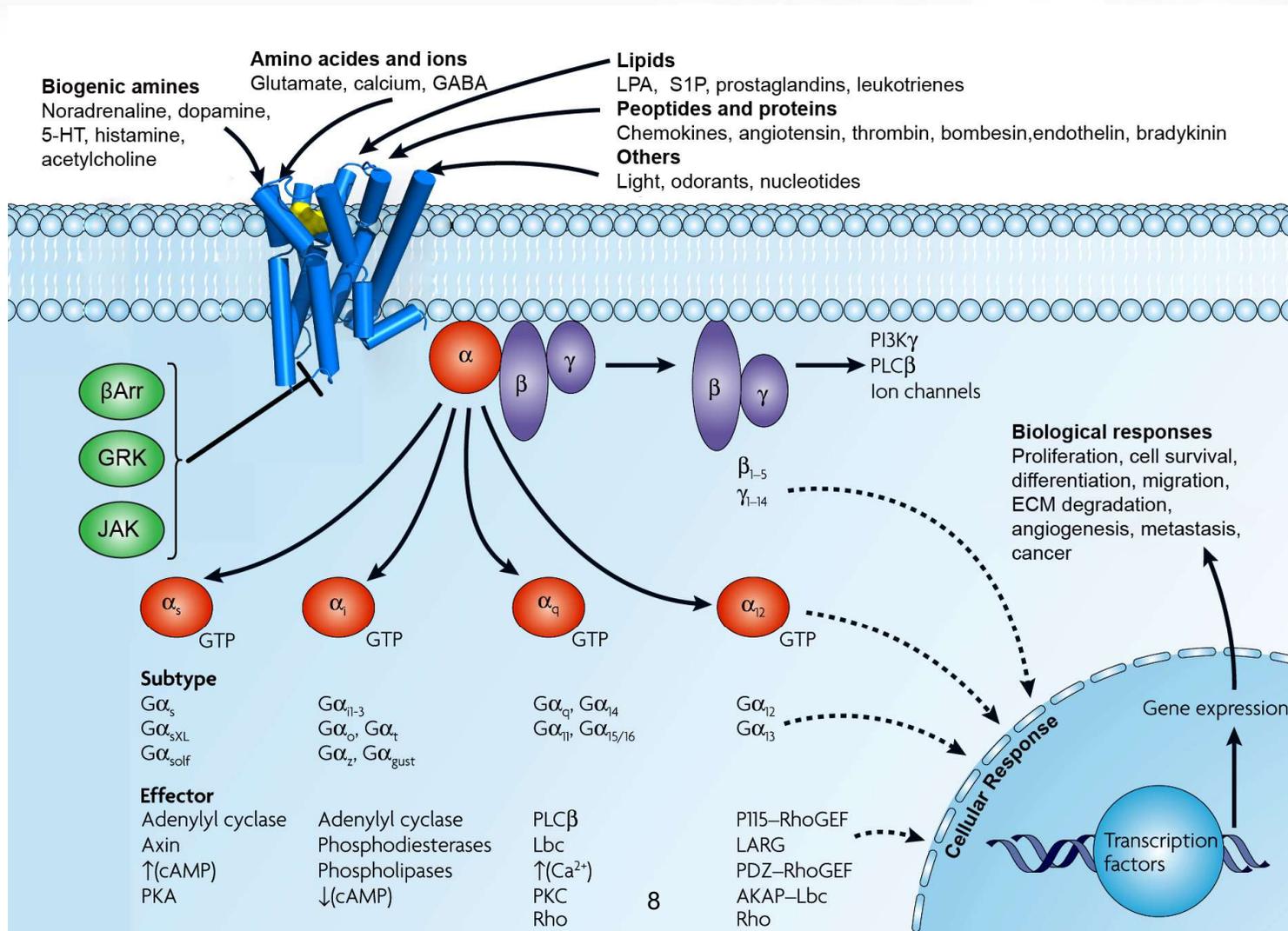
- targeted to membrane proteins

<p>1</p> <p>Humira (Adalimumab)</p>  <p>\$19.723 Billion</p> <p>Immunology</p>	<p>2</p> <p>Eliquis (Apixaban)</p>  <p>\$12.149 Billion</p> <p>Cardiovascular Diseases</p>	<p>3</p> <p>Keytruda (Pembrolizumab)</p>  <p>\$11.084 Billion</p> <p>Oncology</p>	<p>4</p> <p>Revlimid (Lenalidomide)</p>  <p>\$9.378 Billion</p> <p>Oncology</p>	<p>5</p> <p>Imbruvica (Ibrutinib)</p>  <p>\$8.085 Billion</p> <p>Oncology</p>	<p>6</p> <p>Opdivo (Nivolumab)</p>  <p>\$8.015 Billion</p> <p>Oncology</p>	<p>7</p> <p>Eylea (Aflibercept)</p>  <p>\$7.363 Billion</p> <p>Ophthalmology</p>	<p>8</p> <p>Avastin (Bevacizumab)</p>  <p>\$7.285 Billion</p> <p>Oncology</p>	<p>9</p> <p>Enbrel (Etanercept)</p>  <p>\$7.216 Billion</p> <p>Immunology</p>	<p>10</p> <p>Xarelto (Rivaroxaban)</p>  <p>\$6.81 Billion</p> <p>Cardiovascular Diseases</p>
<p>21</p> <p>Lucentis (Ranibizumab)</p>  <p>\$3.967 Billion</p> <p>Ophthalmology</p>	<p>22</p> <p>Soliris (Eculizumab)</p>  <p>\$3.946 Billion</p> <p>Immunology</p>	<p>23</p> <p>Genvoya (Eziligravi, Cobicistat, Emtricitabine, Tenofovir Alafenamide)</p>  <p>\$3.931 Billion</p> <p>Infectious Diseases</p>	<p>24</p> <p>Ocrevus (Ocrelizumab)</p>  <p>\$3.819 Billion</p> <p>Neurology</p>	<p>25</p> <p>Botox (Onabotulinumtoxin A)</p>  <p>\$3.791 Billion</p> <p>Nephrology</p>	<p>26</p> <p>Gardasil (HPV Quadrivalent Vaccine)</p>  <p>\$3.737 Billion</p> <p>Vaccine</p>	<p>27</p> <p>Perjeta (Pertuzumab)</p>  <p>\$3.628 Billion</p> <p>Oncology</p>	<p>28</p> <p>Lyrica (Pregabalin)</p>  <p>\$3.589 Billion</p> <p>Neurology</p>	<p>29</p> <p>Cosentyx (Secukinumab)</p>  <p>\$3.551 Billion</p> <p>Immunology</p>	<p>30</p> <p>Januvia (Sitagliptin)</p>  <p>\$3.482 Billion</p> <p>Diabetes</p>
<p>41</p> <p>Darzalex (Daratumumab)</p>  <p>\$2.998 Billion</p> <p>Oncology</p>	<p>42</p> <p>Orencia (Abatacept)</p>  <p>\$2.977 Billion</p> <p>Immunology</p>	<p>43</p> <p>Mavyret (Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir)</p>  <p>\$2.893 Billion</p> <p>Infectious Diseases</p>	<p>44</p> <p>Humalog (Insulin Lispro)</p>  <p>\$2.821 Billion</p> <p>Diabetes</p>	<p>45</p> <p>Truvada (Emtricitabine, Tenofovir Disoproxil Fumarate)</p>  <p>\$2.813 Billion</p> <p>Infectious Diseases</p>	<p>46</p> <p>Zytiga (Abiraterone Acetate)</p>  <p>\$2.795 Billion</p> <p>Oncology</p>	<p>47</p> <p>Symbicort (Budesonide-Formoterol)</p>  <p>\$2.711 Billion</p> <p>Respiratory Disorders</p>	<p>48</p> <p>NovoRapid (Insulin Aspart)</p>  <p>\$2.709 Billion</p> <p>Diabetes</p>	<p>49</p> <p>Prolia (Denosumab)</p>  <p>\$2.672 Billion</p> <p>Musculoskeletal</p>	<p>50</p> <p>Sprycel (Dasatinib)</p>  <p>\$2.398 Billion</p> <p>Oncology</p>

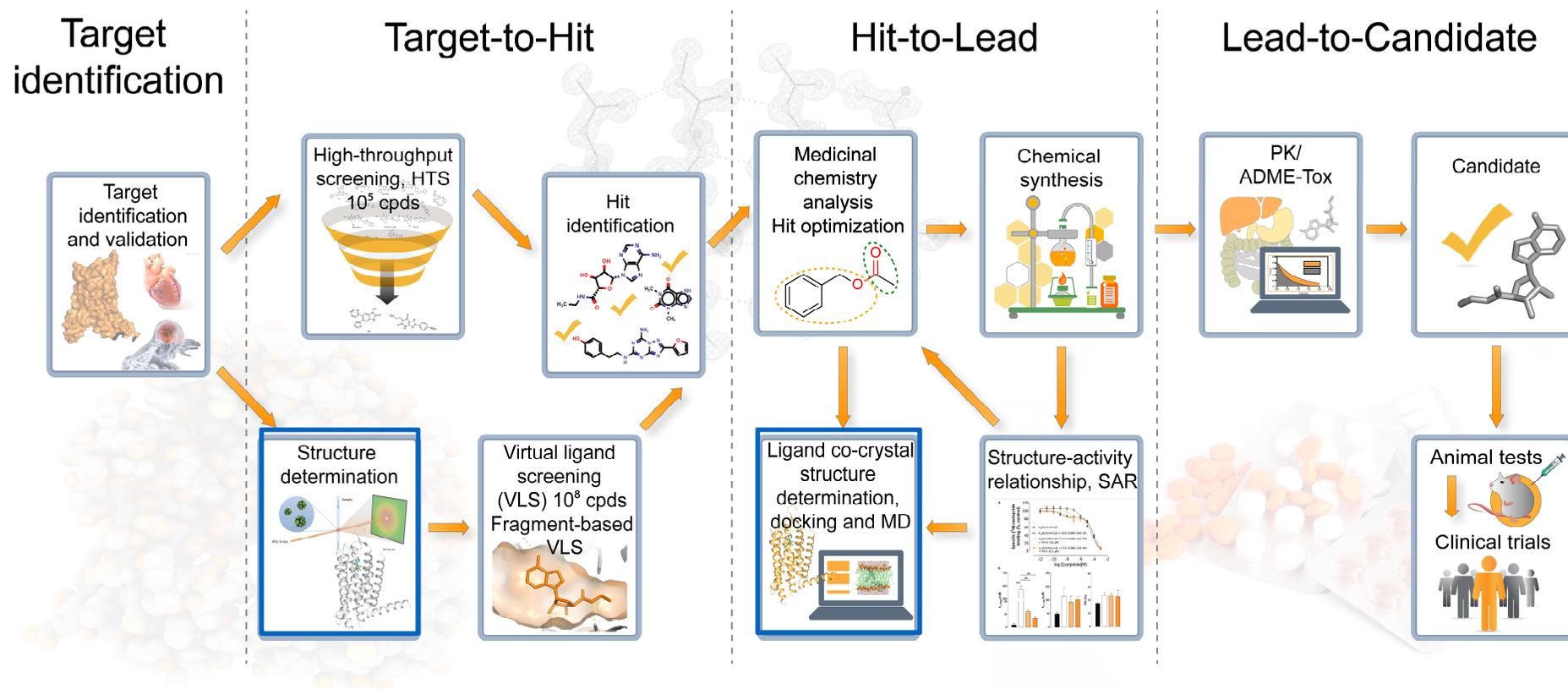
GPCR signalling: diversity of ligands



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of Aging and Age-Related Diseases



Drug discovery pipeline



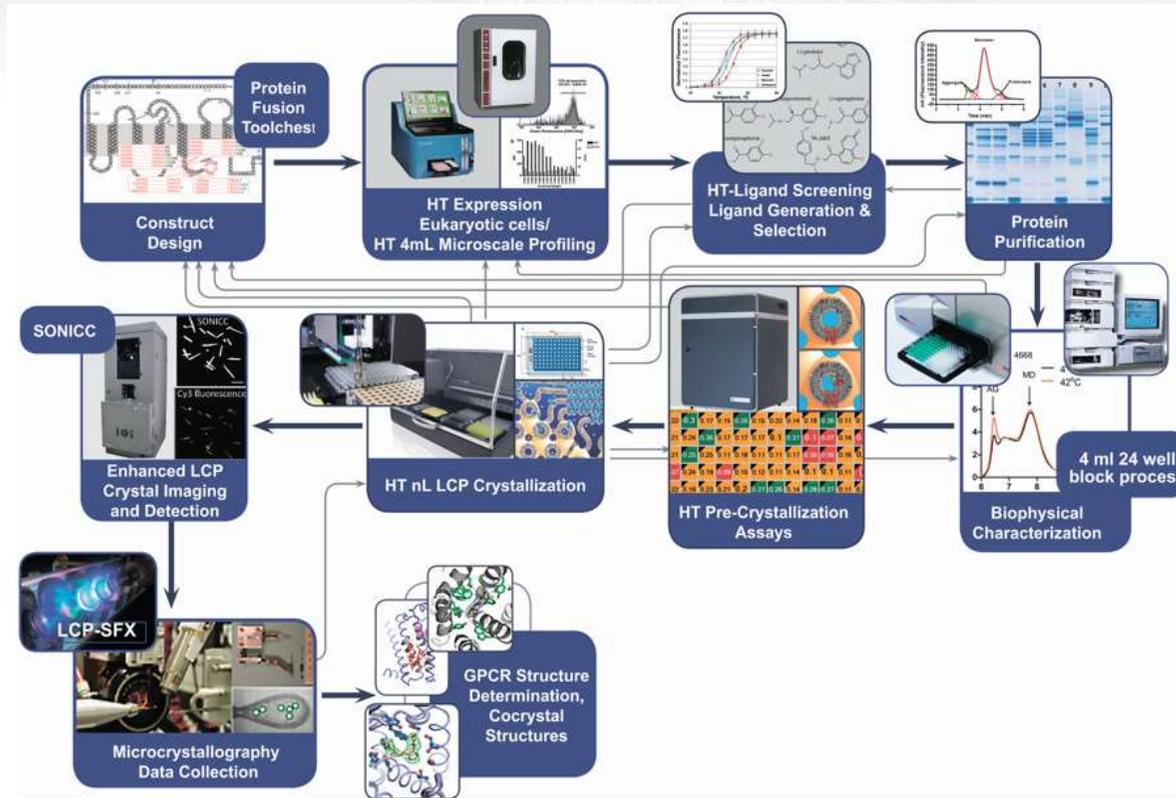
- 10-15 years
- >\$2 bln.

Blue frames shows steps that makes drug development cheaper and faster by 50-50%

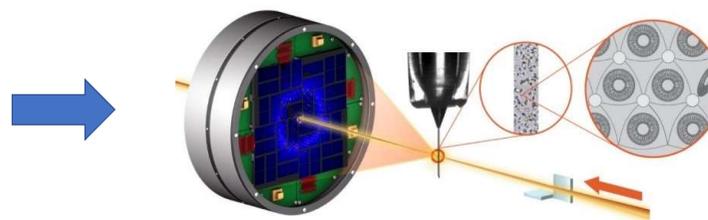
Structure Determination Pipeline



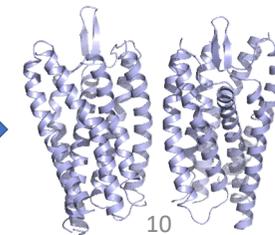
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of Aging and Age-Related Diseases



Protein crystals of GPCR related to inflammation

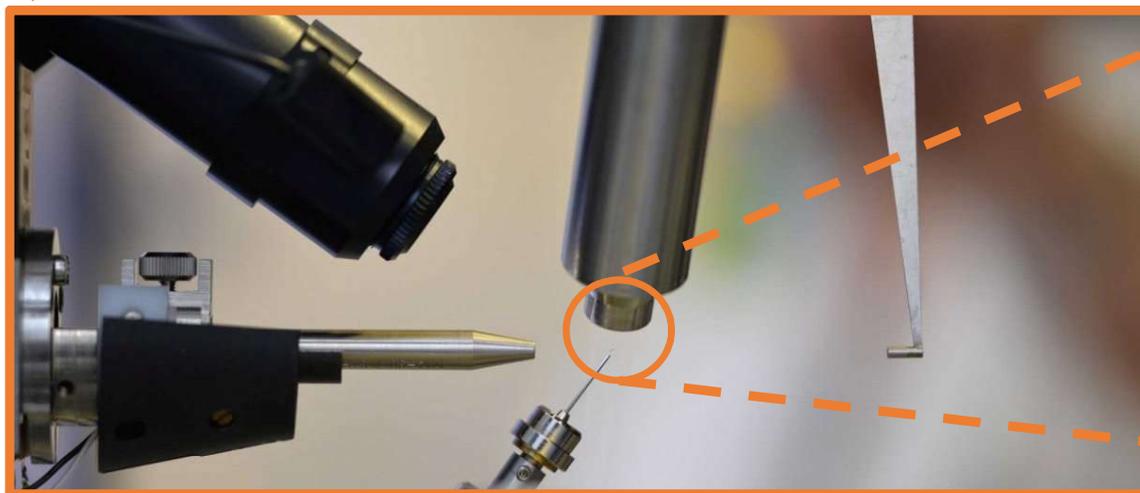
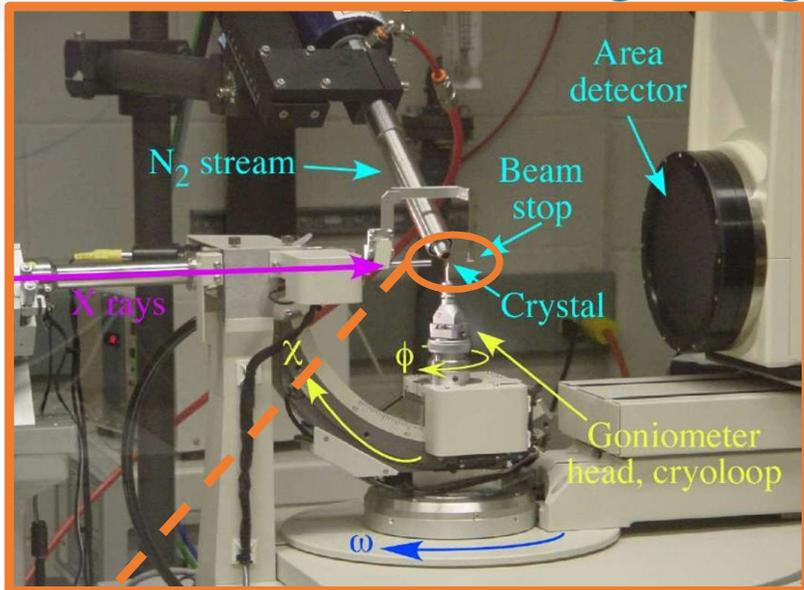


Studies at X-ray free electron laser

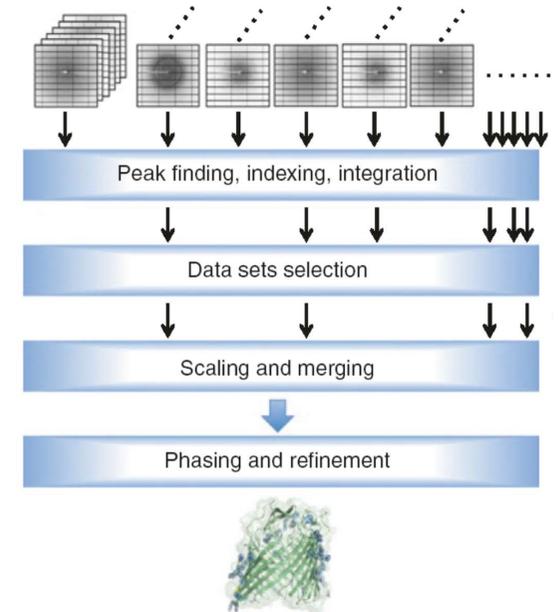
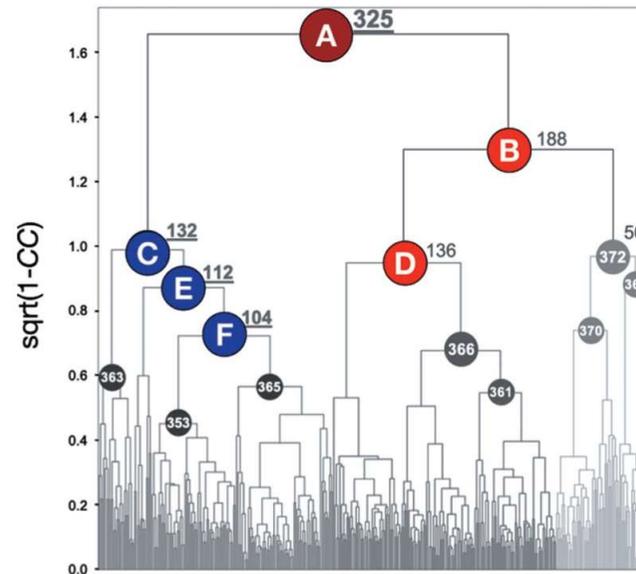
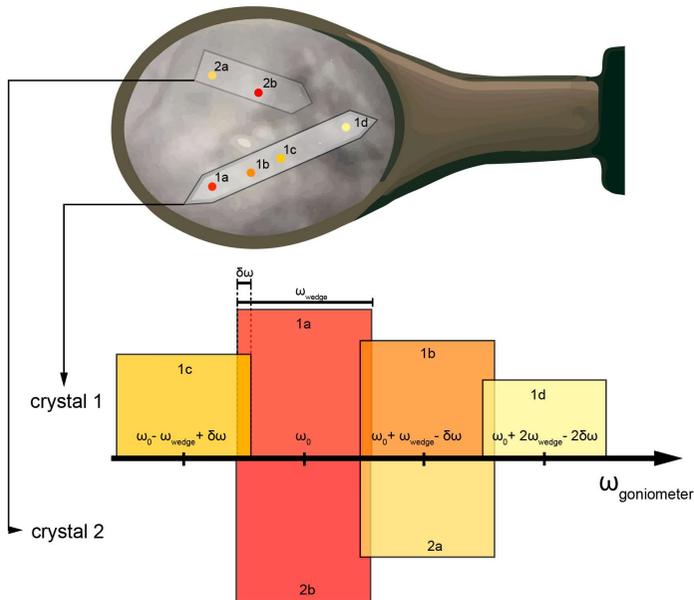
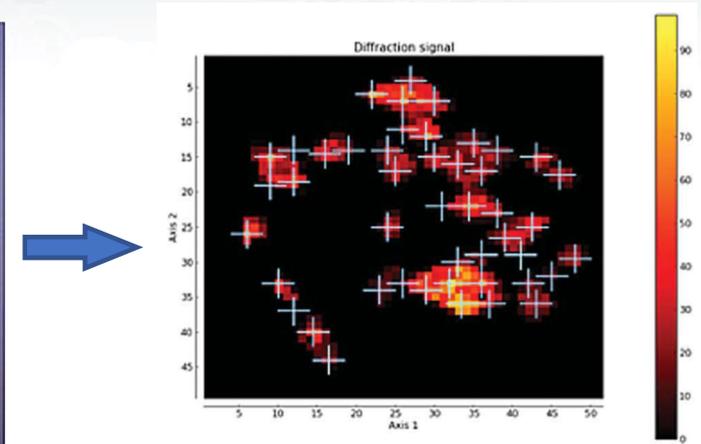
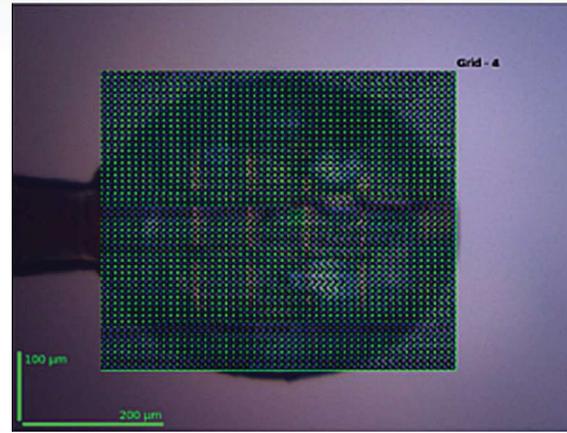
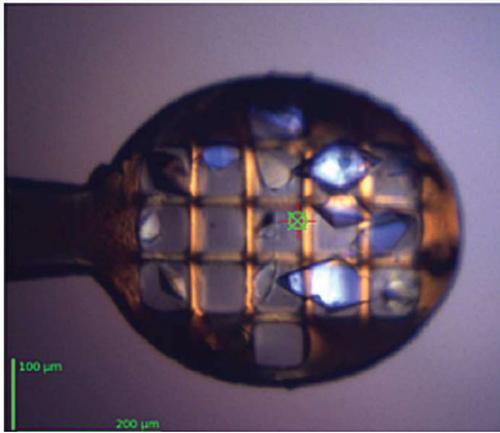


Structure of GPCR

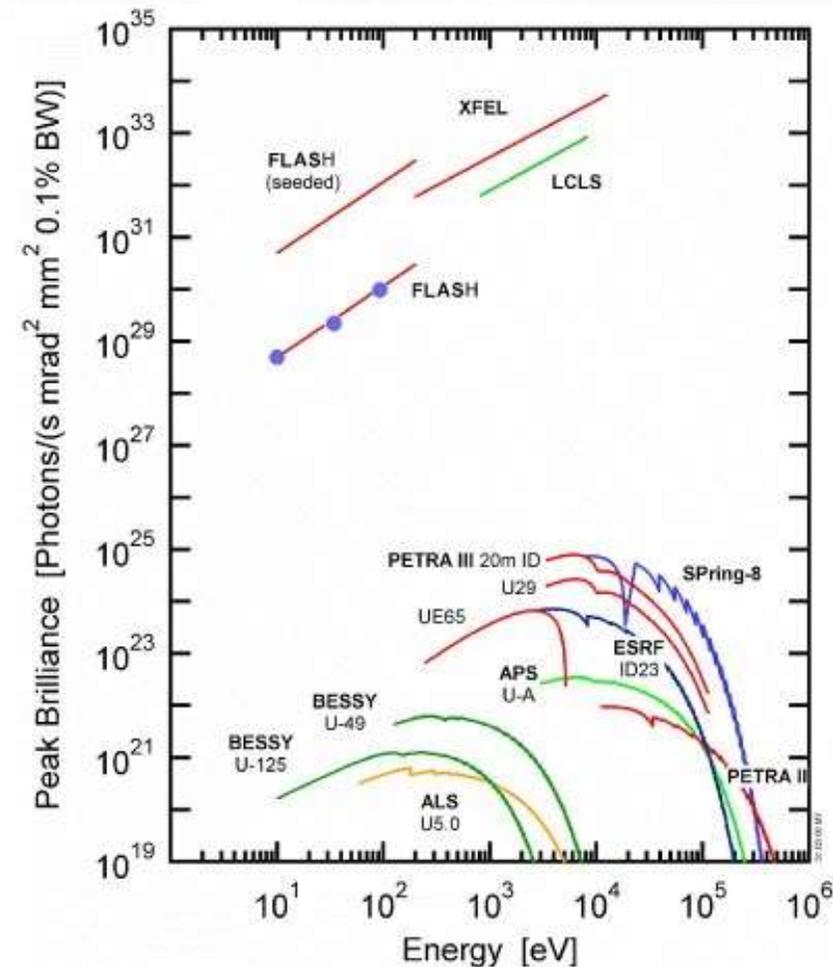
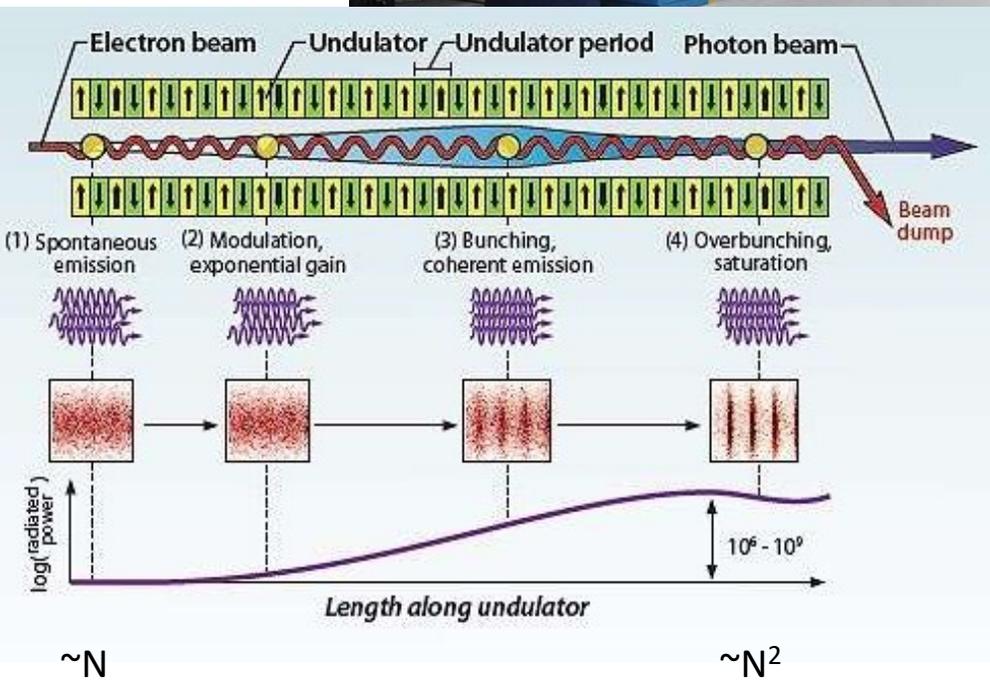
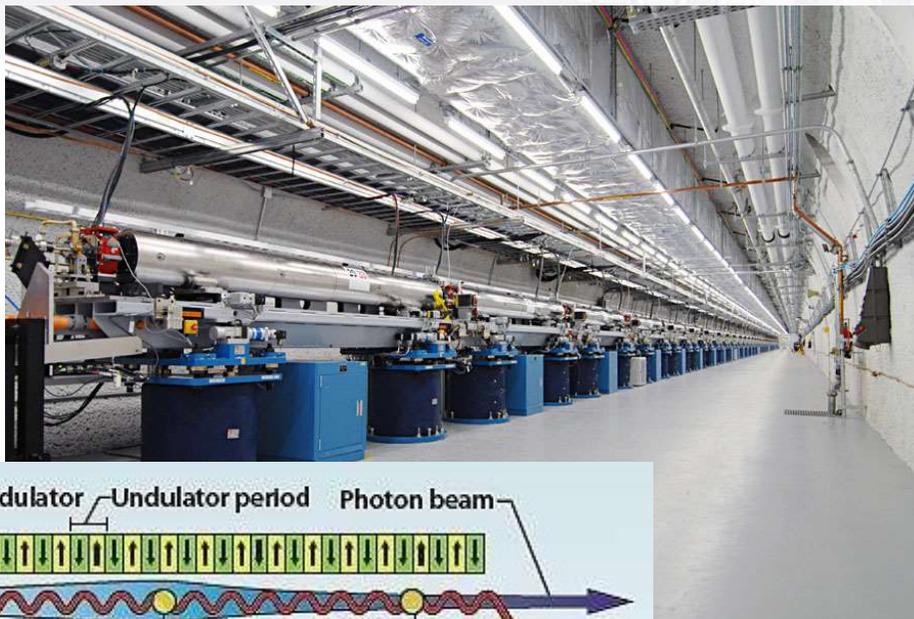
Classical X-ray cryocrystallography



Small-wedge crystallography



X-ray Free Electron Laser (XFEL)



Ultrabright and ultrashort pulses of coherent X-rays

Serial Femtosecond Crystallography: Diffraction before destruction

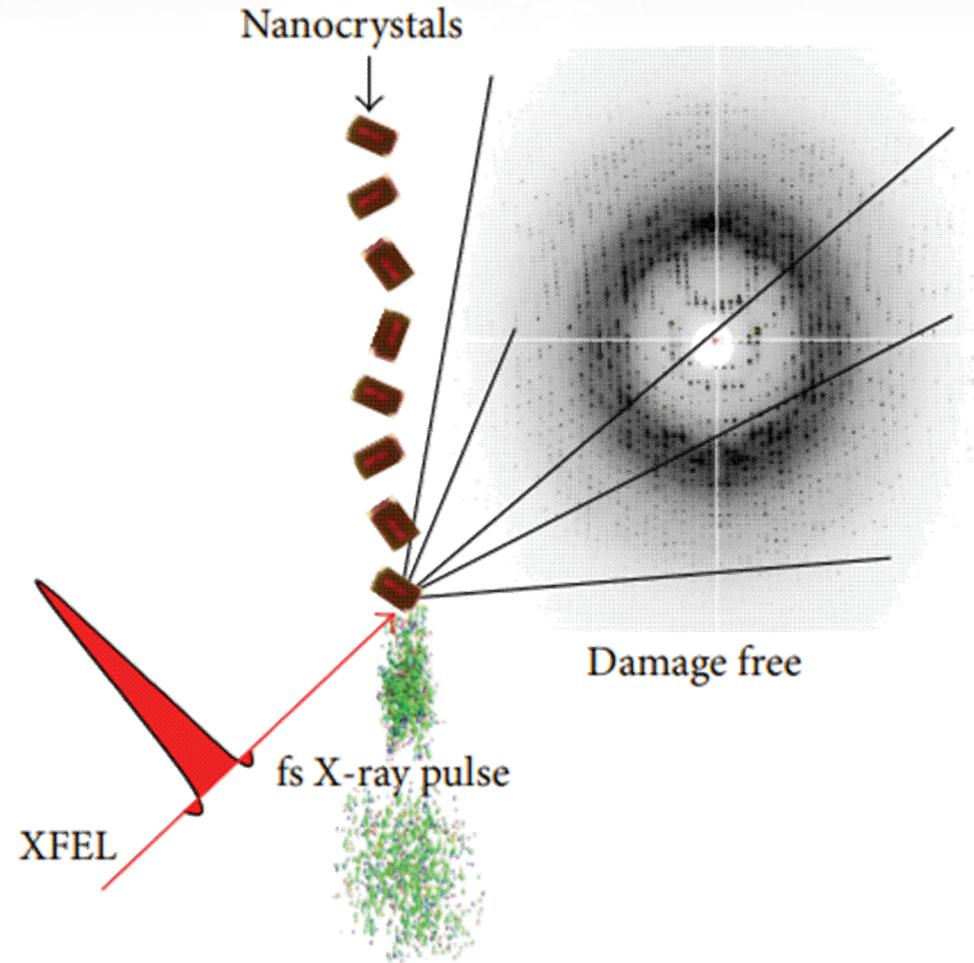
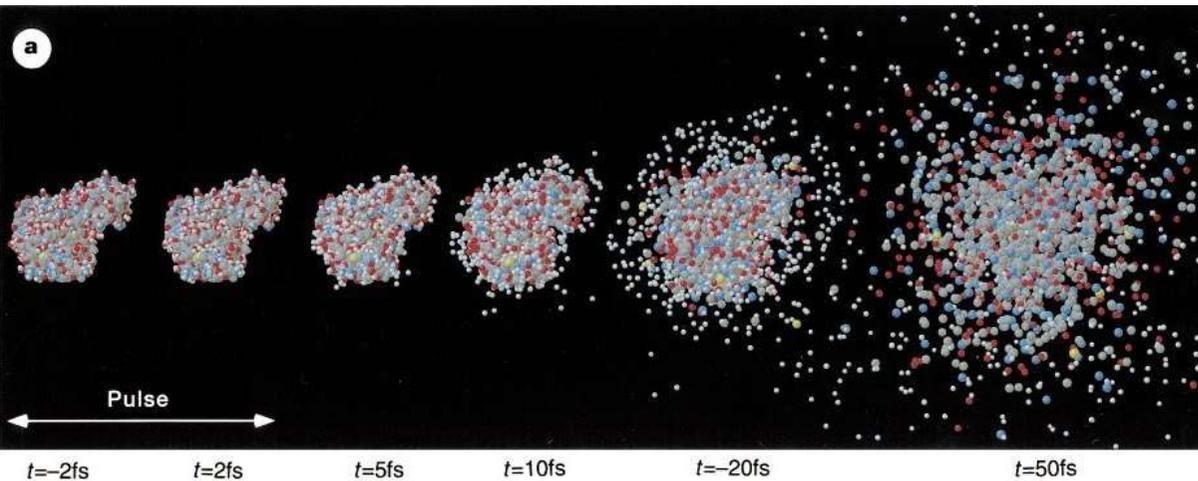
Potential for biomolecular imaging with femtosecond X-ray pulses

Richard Neutze*, Remco Wouts*, David van der Spoel*, Edgar Weckert†‡
& Janos Hajdu*

* Department of Biochemistry, Biomedical Centre, Box 576, Uppsala University,
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Germany

NATURE | VOL 406 | 17 AUGUST 2000



Benefits of serial femtosecond crystallography at XFELs

Expert Opinion on Drug Discovery >
Volume 14, 2019 - Issue 9

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Review

An outlook on using serial femtosecond crystallography in drug discovery

Alexey Mishin, Anastasiia Gusach, Aleksandra Luginina, Egor Marin, Valentin Borshchevskiy & Vadim Cherezov 

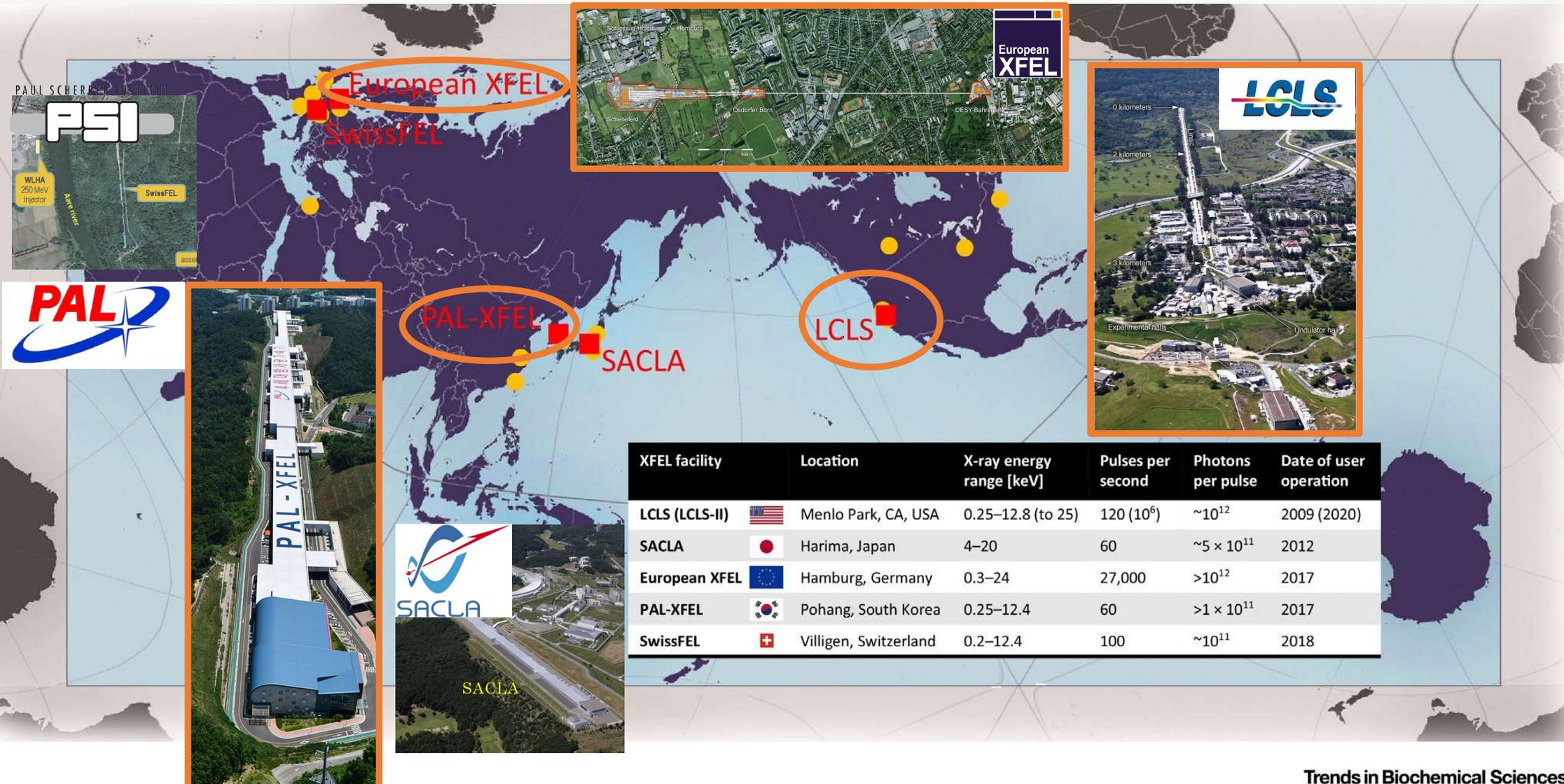
Pages 933-945 | Received 26 Feb 2019, Accepted 30 May 2019, Published online: 11 Jun 2019

 Download citation  <https://doi.org/10.1080/17460441.2019.1626822>  Check for updates

- The ability to work with challenging targets that have low expression and are difficult to crystallize.
- Small crystal size often translates into faster crystal optimization, lower mosaicity, and better diffraction quality, and can facilitate ligand soaking and exchange
- SFX obviates laborious crystal harvesting and necessity for cryo-protection, lending itself suitable for automation
- Room temperature: better water molecules distribution



Hard XFELs around the globe



Experiments at PAL-XFEL

Center for molecular mechanisms@MIPT

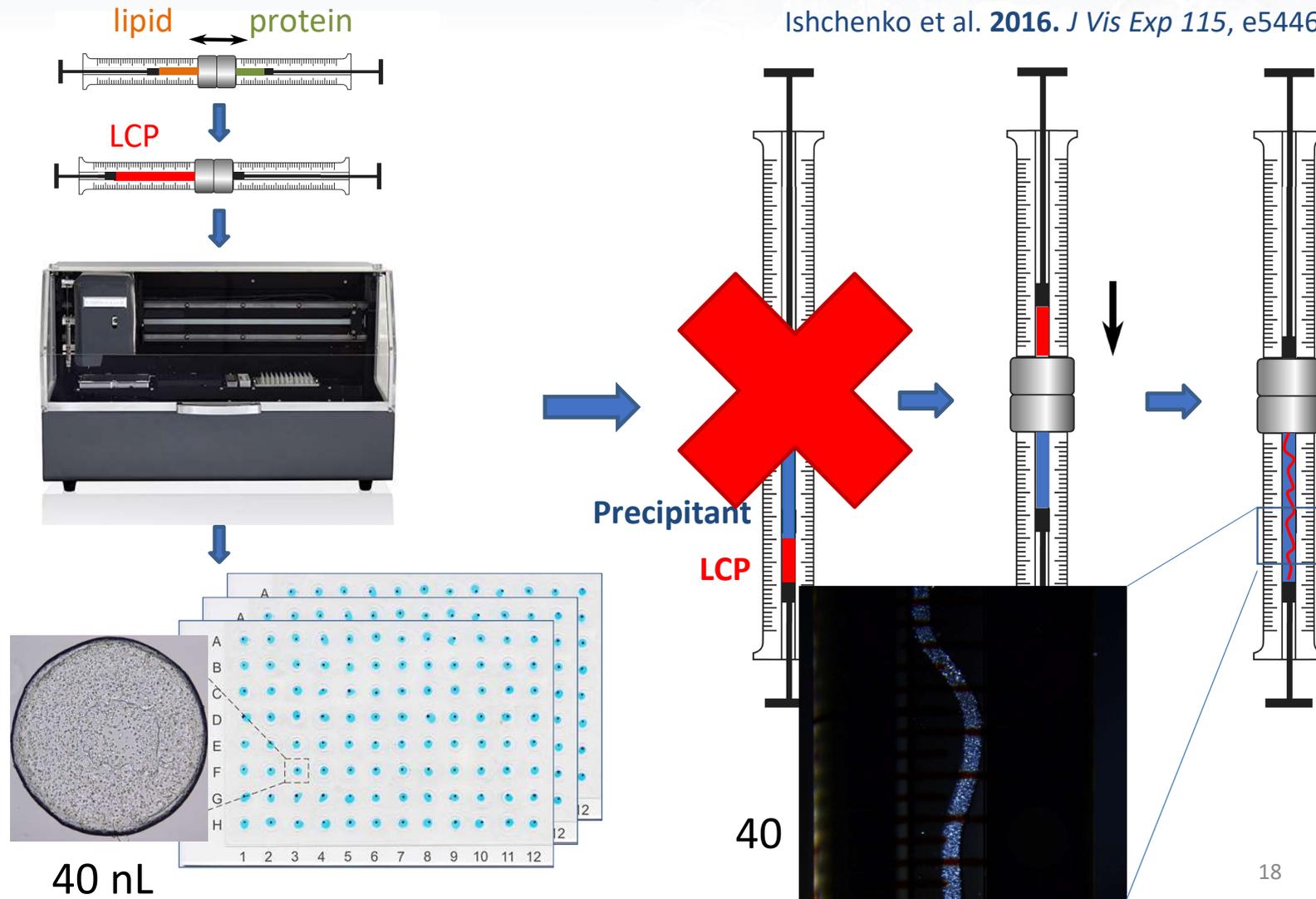


Lasing	
Wavelength range	2-20.4 keV (6.2-1.0 Å)
Pulse length	45-60 fs
Repetition rate	1-60 Hz (30 Hz detector limited during beamtime)
Flux	3×10^{11} at 9.7 keV (during beamtime)
Spot size	H:V 2x3 mm (FWHM), KB mirrors
Detector	MX225-HS (Rayonix)
Readout rate & binning	40 frames/second, 1440x1440; 75 frames/second, 960x960
Geometry	Single panel
Sample environment	LCP-jet/GDVN: He environment; Fixed target: vacuum
Processing	32 cores during beamtime, cluster after beamtime

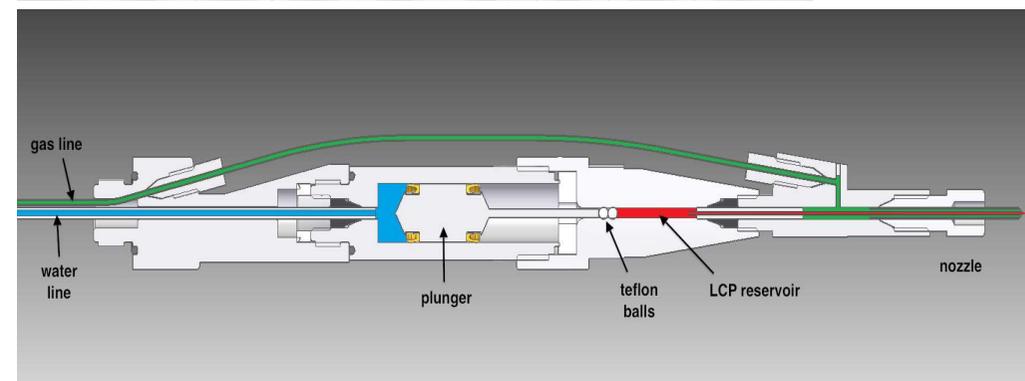
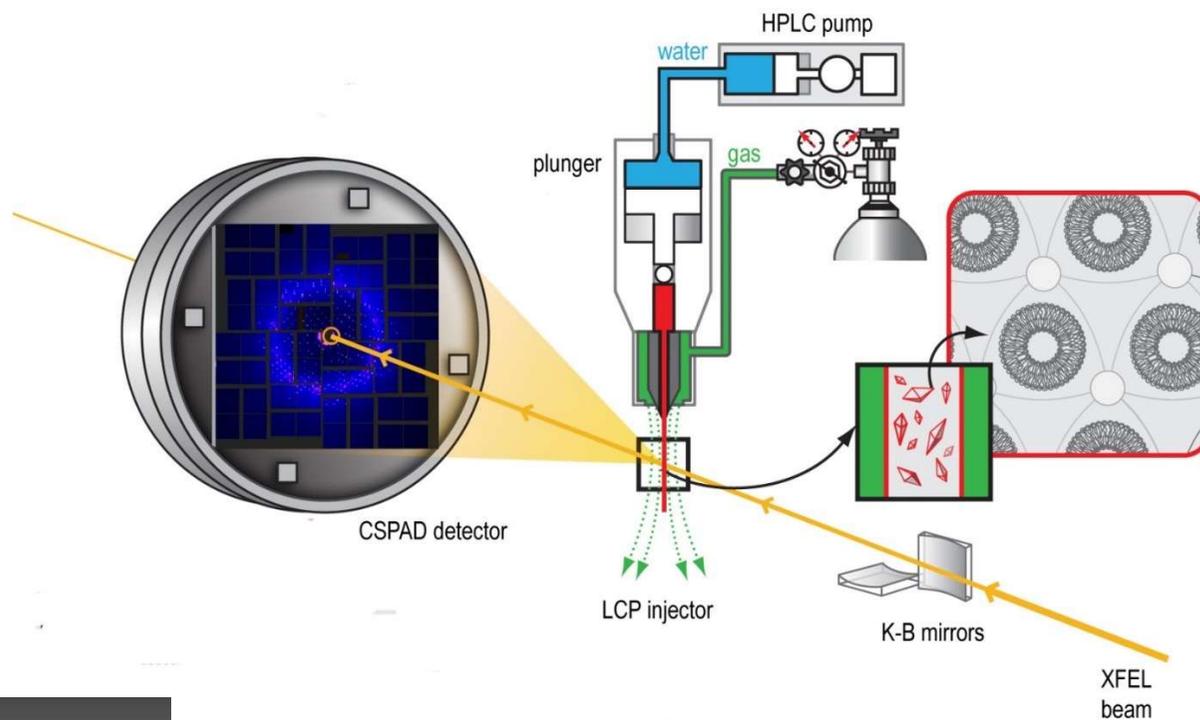
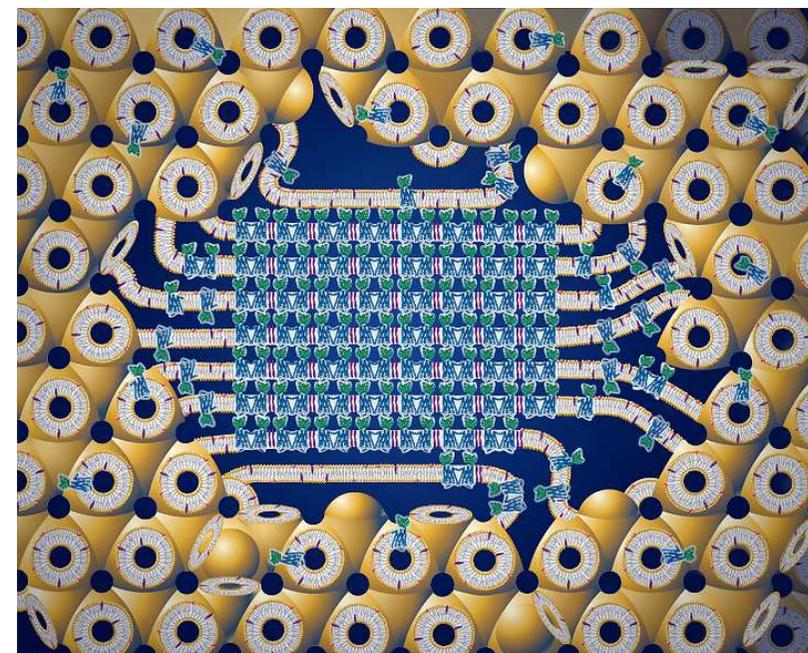
Sample preparation for LCP-SFX

Liu et al. **2014**. *Nat Protoc* 9, 2123

Ishchenko et al. **2016**. *J Vis Exp* 115, e54463



Crystal delivery: Lipidic cubic phase injection



- LCP as crystallization and crystal delivery medium
- Very small crystals (<math><10\ \mu\text{m}</math>)
- Room temperature structures
- No radiation damage
- No crystal harvesting
- Low protein consumption (<math><0.3\ \text{mg}</math>)



SFX Data Processing

Large amount of data:

- LCLS – 2 TB/hour
- euXFEL – 400 TB/hour

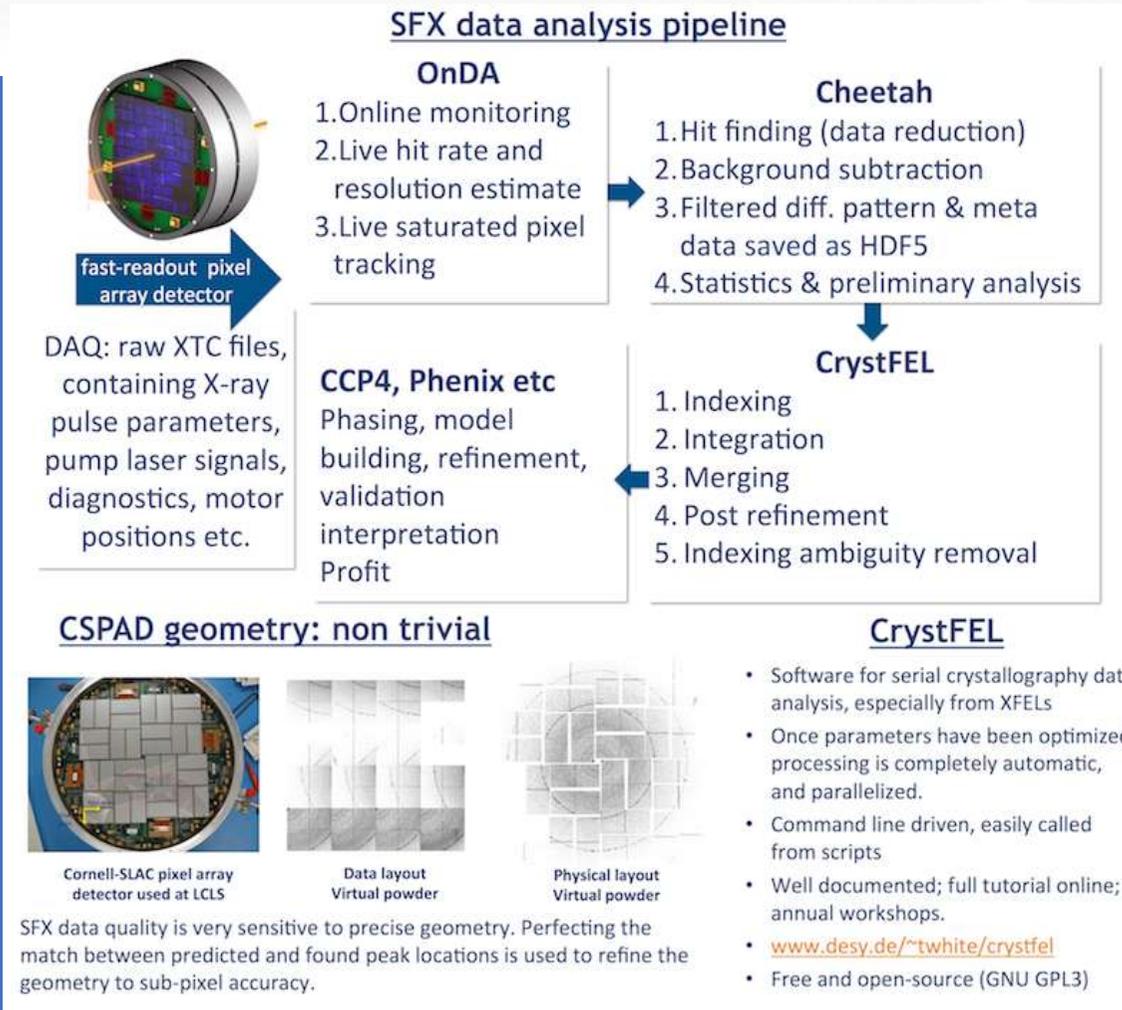
Modular detector geometry

Partial reflections

Variations in

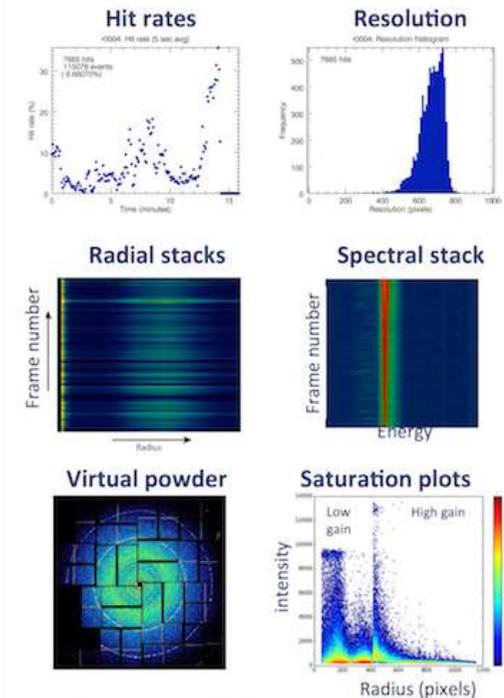
- crystal size,
- mosaicity,
- quality,
- pulse intensity,
- spectrum, etc.

Indexing ambiguity



Cheetah's diagnostic tools

<http://www.desy.de/~barty/cheetah>

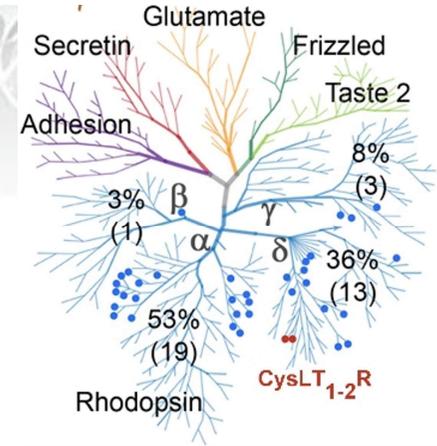


Types of SFX data analyzed

Data from membrane and soluble nano/microcrystals, virus crystals, 2D crystals on fixed targets, time-resolved pump-probe SFX, serial millisecond (synchrotron) crystallography

Cysteinyl leukotriene GPCR

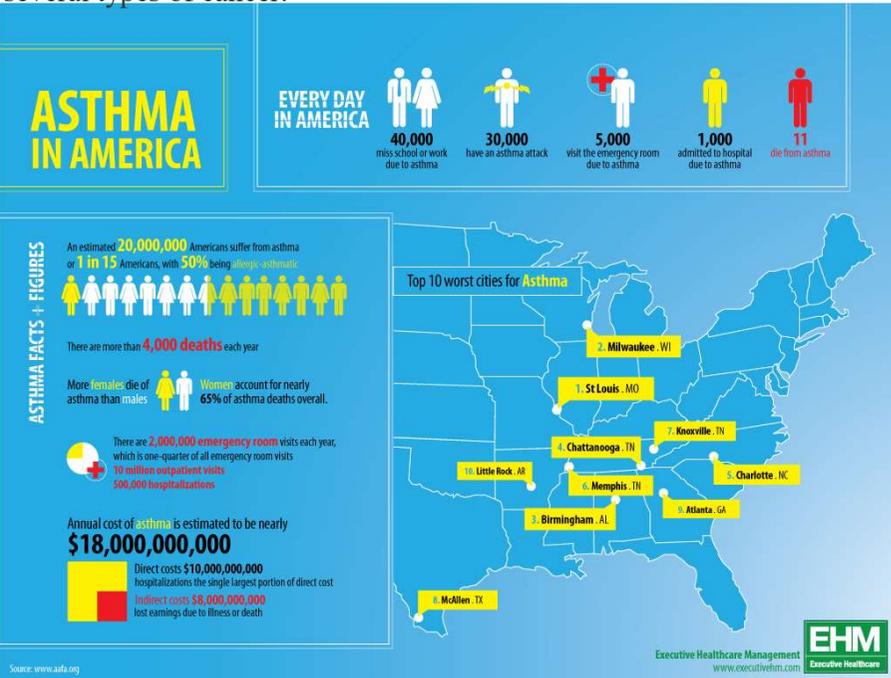
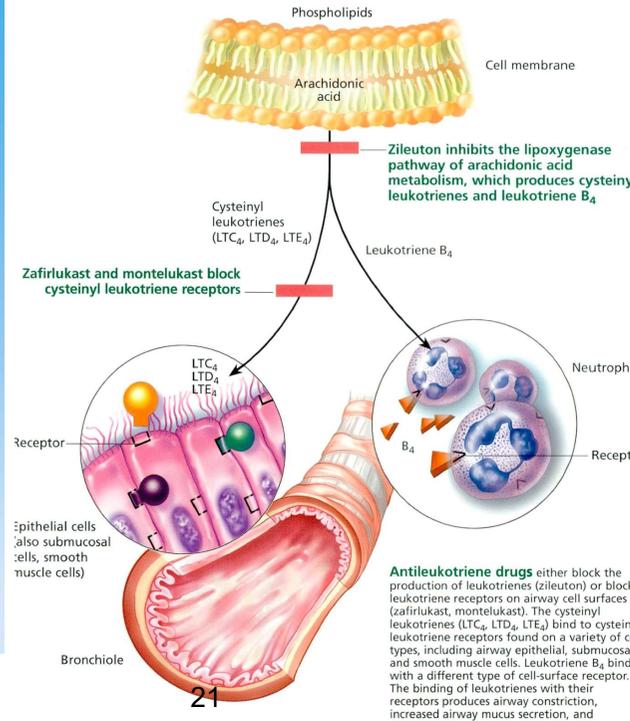
– essential targets for asthma treatment



In Russia up to 5—7 %
of people suffer from asthma
10% of children

CysLT1R and CysLT2R are G Protein Coupled receptors (GPCRs) activated by cysteinyl leukotrienes. They are key inflammatory mediators in the human body and stimulate bronchial muscle constriction as well as immune cells migration, mucus secretion and edema formation, thus playing an important role in various inflammation-related disorders, such as asthma, allergic rhinitis and urticaria. Additionally through the immune response mediation CysLT1-2Rs are involved in cardiovascular and neurodegenerative diseases and several types of cancer.

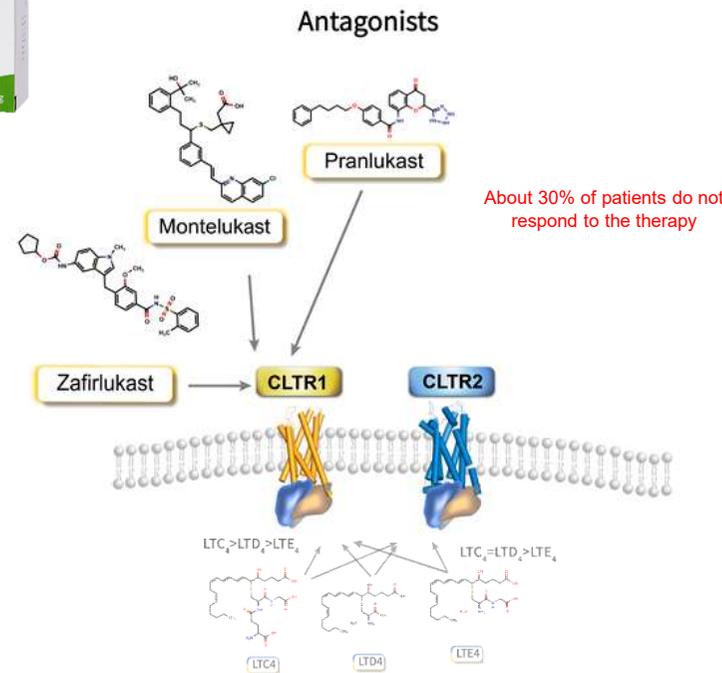
How antileukotriene drugs treat asthma





Cysteinyl Leukotriene Receptors 1 and 2

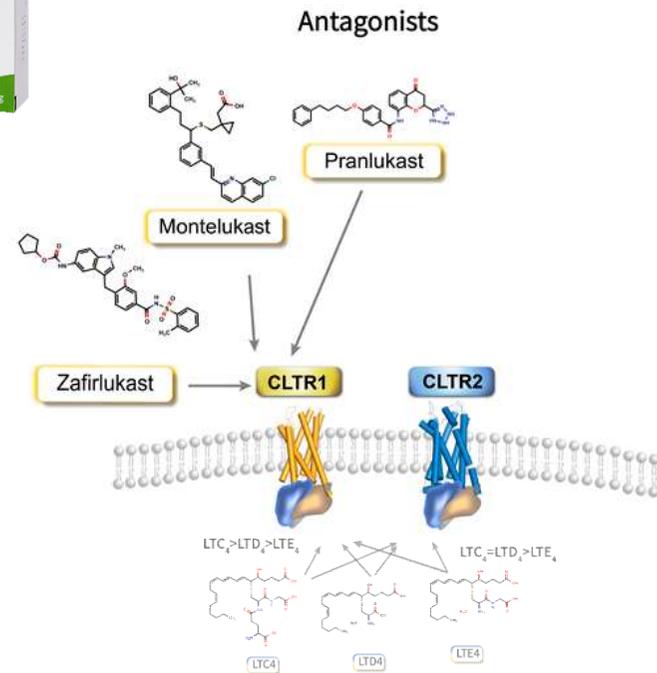
CysLT1R antagonists: Anti-asthma oral treatment





Cysteinyl Leukotriene Receptors 1 and 2

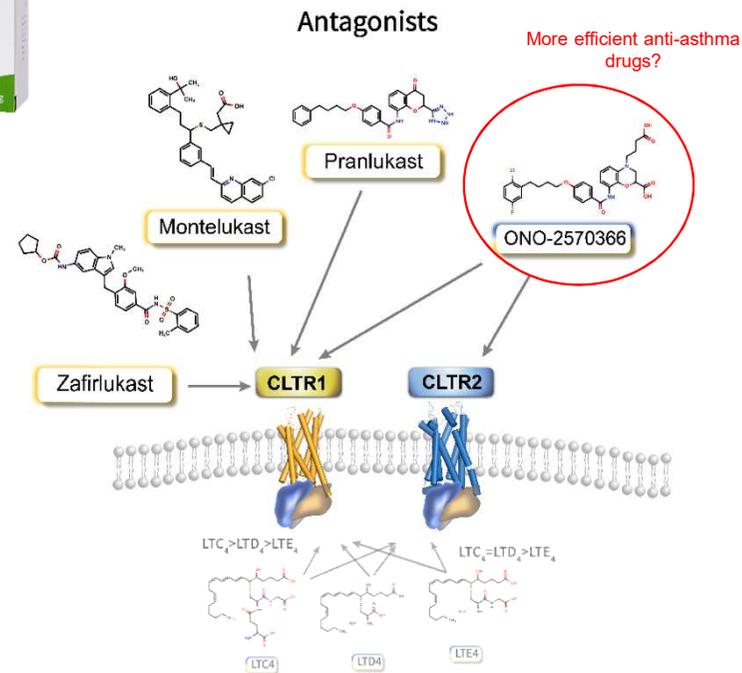
CysLT1R antagonists: Anti-asthma oral treatment

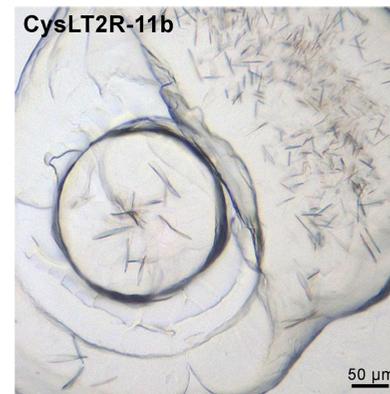
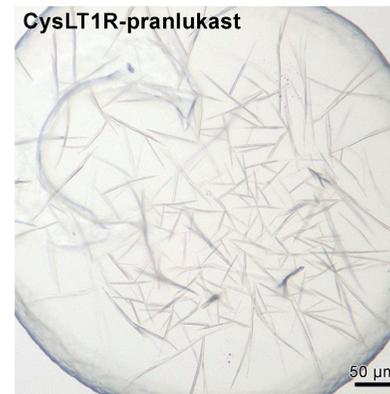
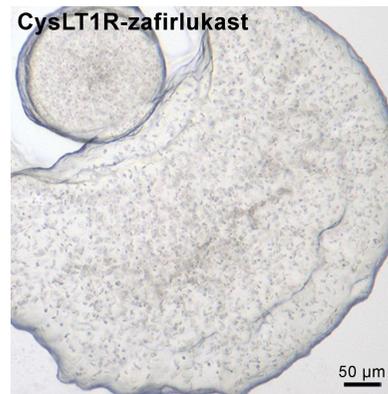




Cysteinyl Leukotriene Receptors 1 and 2

CysLT1R antagonists: Anti-asthma oral treatment





Structural studies of cysteinyl leukotriene receptors as drug targets

Obtained
structures for
rational design

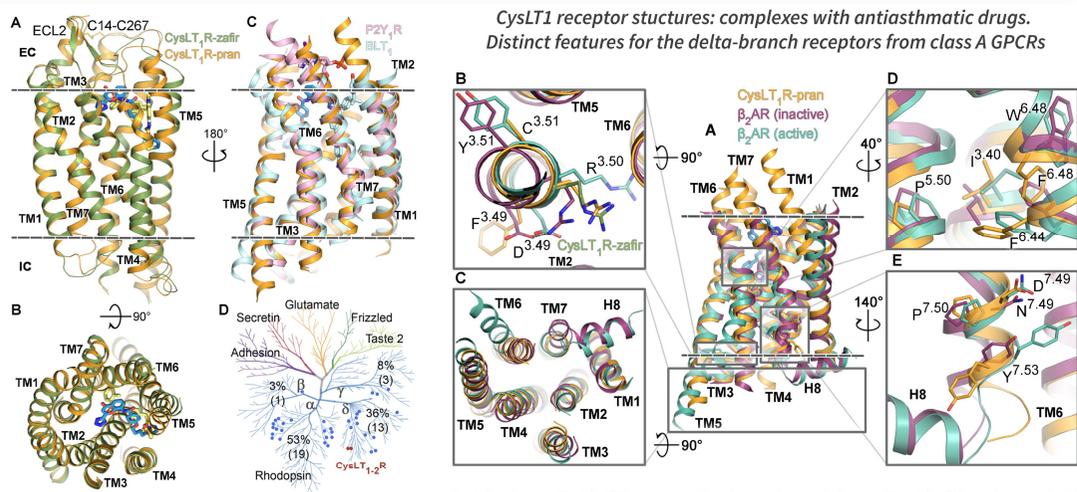


Fig. 1. Overall Structure of CysLT1R and its comparison with other receptors.

Fig. 2. Functional motifs of CysLT1R show unusual inactive state features. (A) Superposition of CysLT1R-pran (orange) with β_2 AR in inactive (PDB ID 2RH1, violet) and active (PDB ID 3SN6, teal) conformations. (B-E) Zoom in on functional elements: DRY motif (B), intracellular region (C), P-I-F motif (D), NPxxY motif (E).

CysLT2 receptor structures: Selectivity rationale for receptor subtypes and disease-related mutations mapping

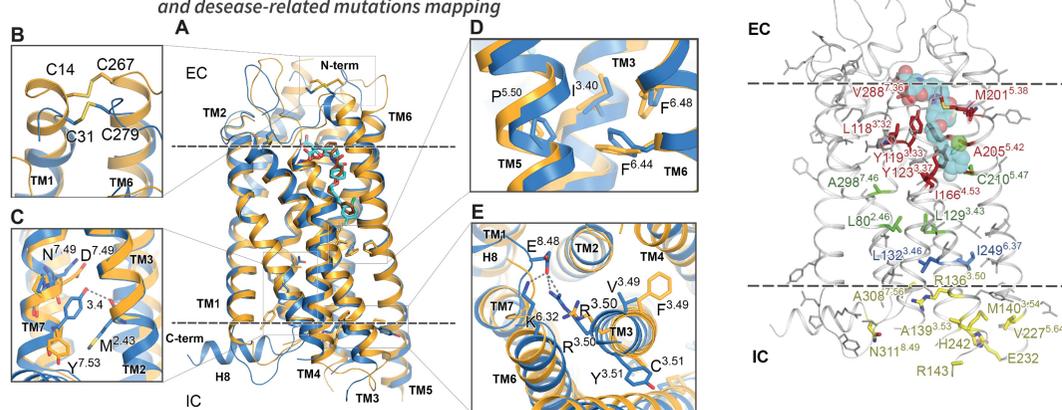


Fig. 3. Structure of CysLT2R. (A) Structural superposition of CysLT2R-11a (blue) with CysLT1R-pranlukast (yellow). (B) Comparison of disulfide bridges between CysLT1R (yellow) and CysLT2R (blue). (C-E) Comparison of functional motifs: NPxxY (d), P-I-F (e) and DRY (f).

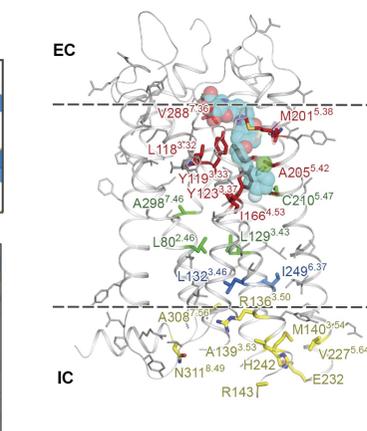


Fig. 4. SNVs from the ExAC database and L1293.43, colored according to their location: ligand-binding pocket (red), microswitches (blue), sodium site (green), G= protein and β -arrestin-binding interface (yellow).

SCIENCE ADVANCES | RESEARCH ARTICLE

STRUCTURAL BIOLOGY

Structure-based mechanism of cysteinyl leukotriene receptor inhibition by antiasthmatic drugs

Aleksandra Luginina^{1*}, Anastasiia Gusach^{1*}, Egor Marin¹, Alexey Mishin¹, Rebecca Brouillette², Petr Popov^{1†}, Anna Shiriaeva³, Élie Besserer-Offroy², Jean-Michel Longpré², Elizaveta Lyapina¹, Andrii Ishchenko^{3†}, Nilkanth Patel³, Vitaly Polovinkin^{4,5,6}, Nadezhda Safronova¹, Andrey Bogorodskiy¹, Evelina Edelweiss⁵, Hao Hu^{7,8}, Uwe Weierstall^{7,8}, Wei Liu^{8,9}, Alexander Batyuk¹⁰, Valentin Gordeliy^{1,4,5,11,12}, Gye Won Han³, Philippe Sarret², Vsevolod Katritch^{3,5}, Valentin Borshchevskiy^{1,4,11,9}, Vadim Cherezov^{1,3,5†}



ARTICLE

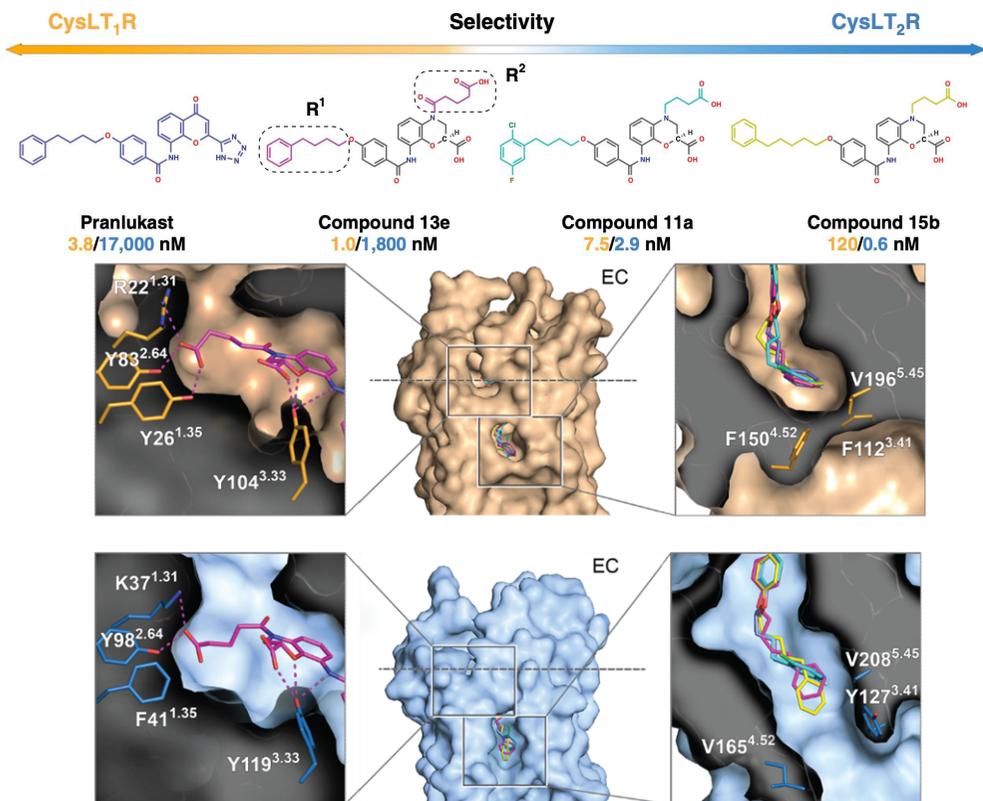
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-019-13348-2>

OPEN

Structural basis of ligand selectivity and disease mutations in cysteinyl leukotriene receptors

Anastasiia Gusach^{1,14}, Aleksandra Luginina^{1,14}, Egor Marin¹, Rebecca L. Brouillette², Élie Besserer-Offroy², Jean-Michel Longpré², Andrii Ishchenko^{3,4,11}, Petr Popov^{1,12}, Nilkanth Patel^{3,5}, Taku Fujimoto⁶, Toru Maruyama⁶, Benjamin Stauch^{3,4}, Margarita Ergasheva¹, Daria Romanovskaia^{1,13}, Anastasiia Stepko¹, Kirill Kovalev^{1,7,8,9,10}, Mikhail Shevtsov¹, Valentin Gordeliy^{1,7,8,9,10}, Gye Won Han^{3,4}, Vsevolod Katritch^{3,4,5}, Valentin Borshchevskiy^{1,7,9}, Philippe Sarret^{2*}, Alexey Mishin^{1*} & Vadim Cherezov^{1,3,4,5*}

CysLT₁R-pranlukast vs CysLT₂R structures



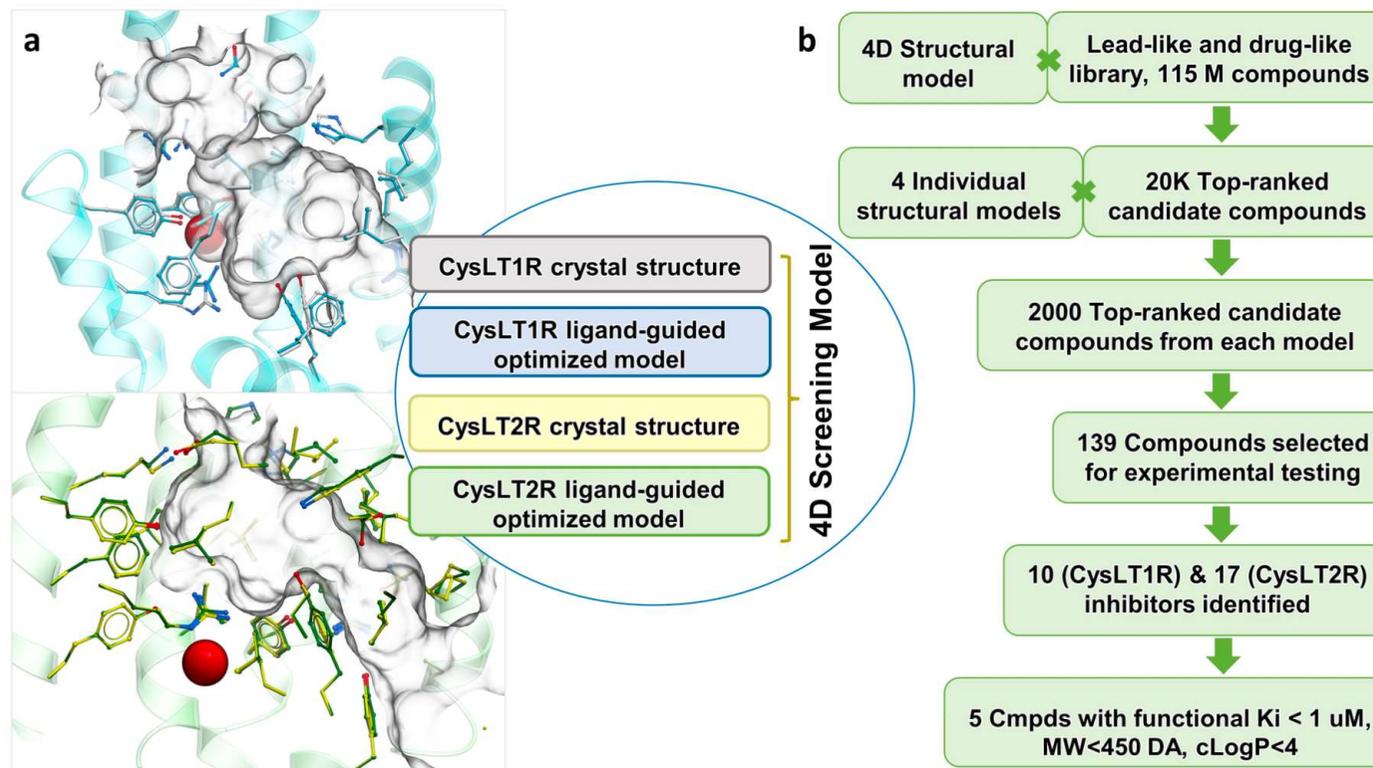
We identified the binding poses for ligands in both receptors and found out what are their structural properties, which may be responsible for binding specificity. With this information we can find the dual ligand for both receptors.

Overview of the ligand-binding pocket with the docked ligands for CysLT₁R (beige) and CysLT₂R (light blue). Inserts show docking poses and details of ligand interactions with CysLT₁R and CysLT₂R.

Structure-based drug design: Virtual ligand screening



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(a) Optimized ligand pockets for CysLT1R

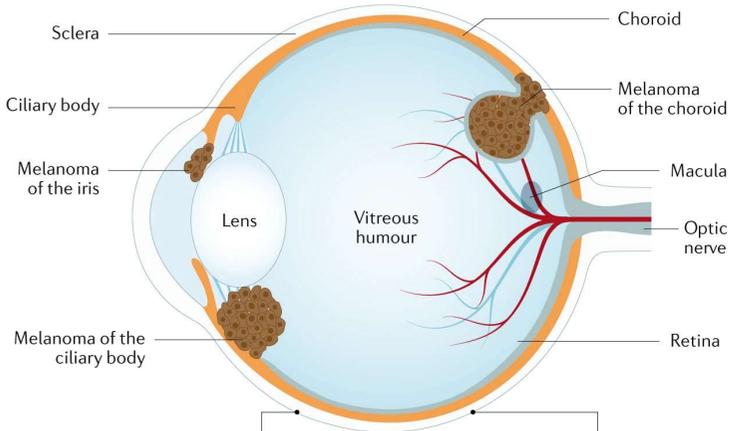
(b) Flowchart of screening and ligand optimized pocket of CysLT1R and CysLT2R.

L129Q SNP: oncogenic mutation in CysLT2R Leading to Uveal Melanoma.

An aggressive orphan cancer



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- Risk factors for developing UM**
- Age 50–70 years
 - Fair skin colour
 - Many skin naevi
 - Sensitivity to sunburn
 - Northern European ancestry
 - Light iris colour (blue or grey)
 - Congenital ocular melanocytosis
 - Melanocytoma
 - Family member with cutaneous melanoma
 - Family member with uveal melanoma
 - Germline mutation in *BAP1*, *MLH1* or *PALB2*

- Symptoms of UM**
- Blurred or distorted vision
 - Visual field loss
 - Flashes of light
 - Change in iris colour

MODERN PATHOLOGY

Original Article | Published: 09 December 2016

Activating cysteinyl leukotriene receptor 2 (CYSLTR2) mutations in blue nevi

Inga Möller, Rajmohan Murali, Hansgeorg Müller, Thomas Wiesner, Louise A Jackett, Simone L Scholz, Ioana Cosgarea, Johannes AP van de Nes, Antje Sucker, Uwe Hillen, Bastian Schilling, Annette Paschen, Heinz Kutzner, Arno Rütten, Martin Böckers, Richard A Scolyer, Dirk Schadendorf & Klaus G Griewank

Modern Pathology 30, 350–356 (2017) | Download Citation

LETTERS



Recurrent activating mutations of G-protein-coupled receptor *CYSLTR2* in uveal melanoma

Amanda R Moore^{1,2}, Emilie Ceraudo³, Jessica J Sher¹, Youxin Guan¹, Alexander N Shoushtari^{4,5}, Matthew T Chang^{1,6,7}, Jenny Q Zhang¹, Edward G Walczak¹, Manija A Kazmi³, Barry S Taylor^{1,6,8}, Thomas Huber³, Ping Chi^{1,2,4,5}, Thomas P Sakmar^{3,9} & Yu Chen^{1,2,4,5}

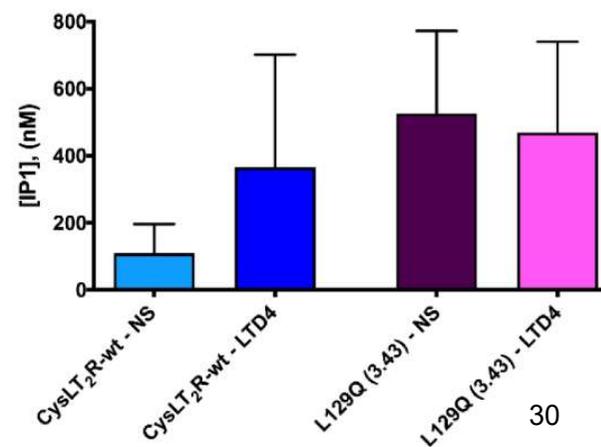
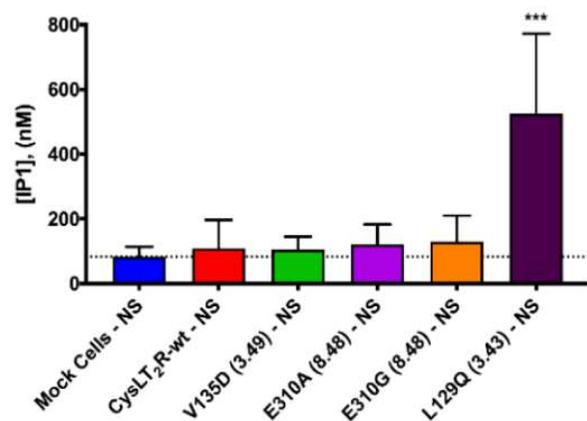
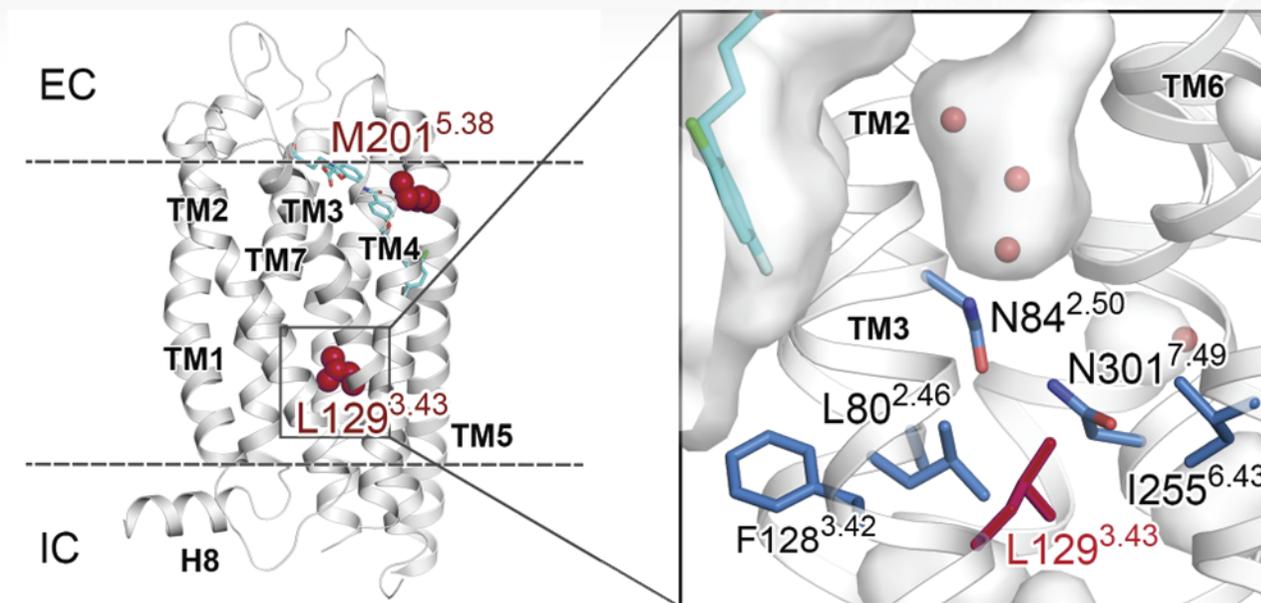
About 3% of all uveal melanomas -> several hundreds new cases each year

No specific therapeutic treatment available

L129Q – oncogenic mutation in CysLT₂R Leading to Uveal Melanoma: constitutive activity



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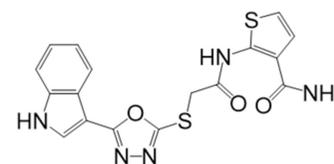
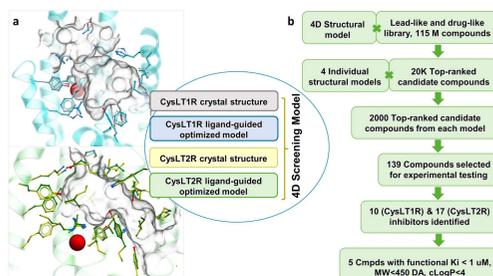


The project started in order to get new-generation anti-asthmatic drugs but we got also
 Inverse agonists for oncogenic L129Q CysLT2R as a hit compound

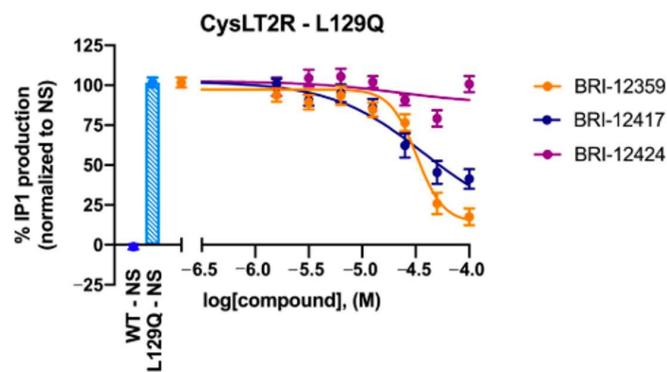


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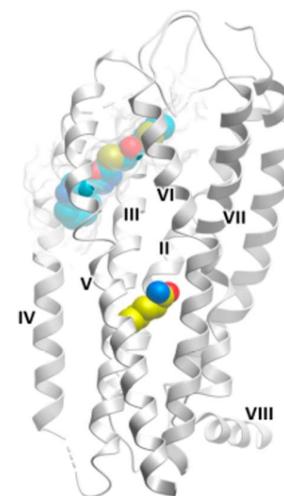
Supported by:



BRI-12359



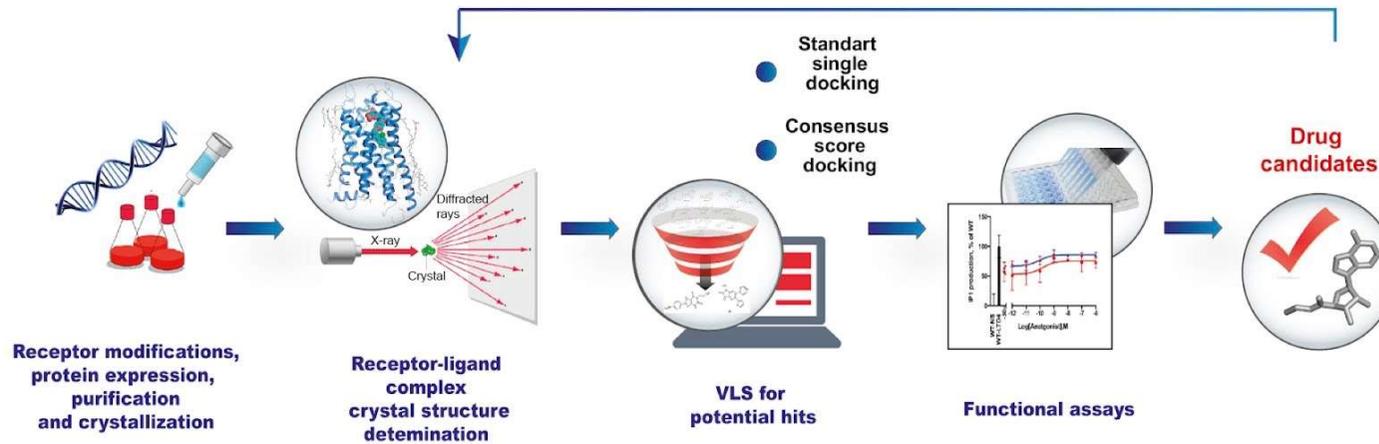
BRI-ID	IC ₅₀ ± SEM (µM)	% max inhibition ± SEM
BRI-12359	32 ± 2	82 ± 11
BRI-12417	38 ± 10	59 ± 12
BRI-12424	N/C	21 ± 10



Current Project strategy



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Off-target activity testing (reverse agonists)

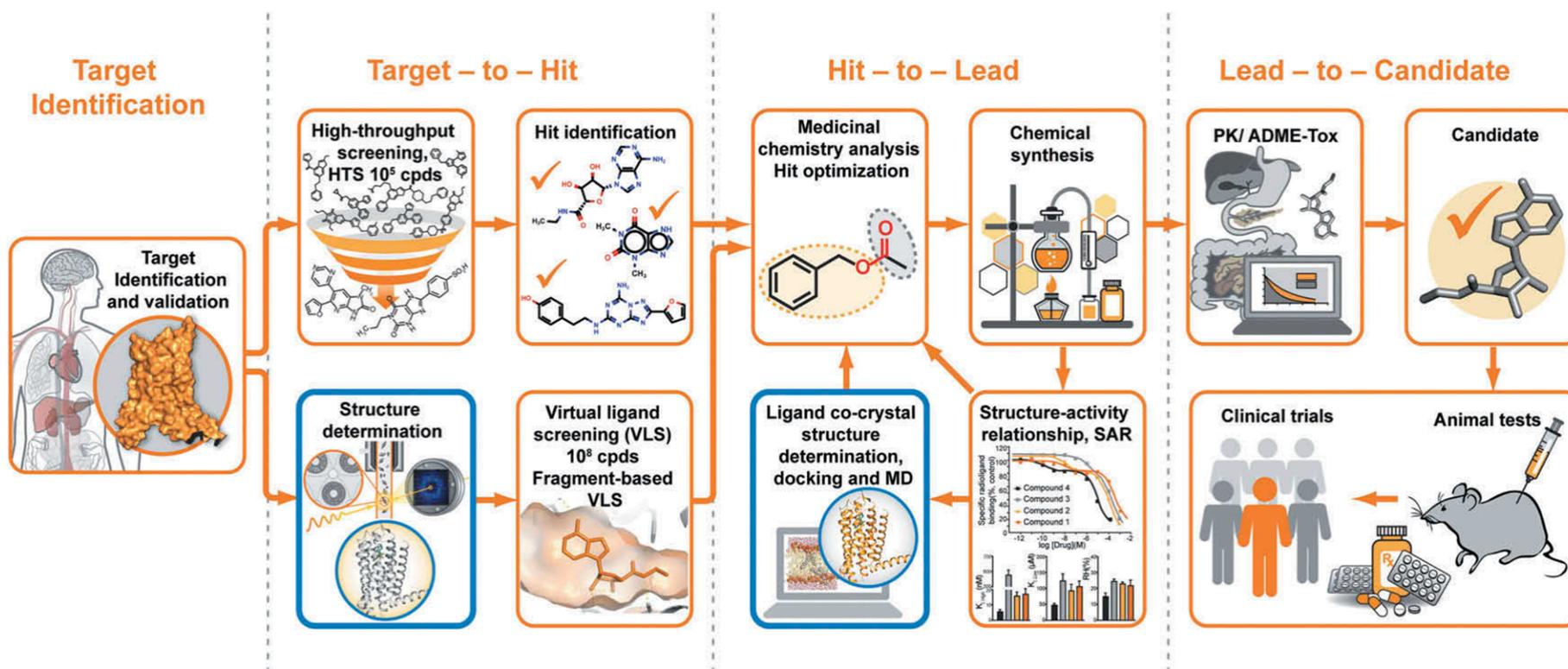
Design of stabilized L129Q mutant of CysLT2 for crystallization in “constitutively active” conformation.

Co-crystallization CysLT2-L129Q with available high-affinity ligand for future VLS round

Future drug development



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Alexey Mishin, Anastasiia Gusach, Aleksandra Luginina, Egor Marin, Valentin Borshchevskiy & Vadim Cherezov (2019):
An outlook on using serial femtosecond crystallography in drug discovery, Expert Opinion on Drug Discovery

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